

## HDA-003-103022 Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

## B. Sc. (Sem. III) (CBCS) Examination

November/December - 2017 Biochemistry - 301 (Biomolecules)

Faculty Code: 003

Subject Code : 103022								
Tim	ne : 2	$2\frac{1}{2}$ H	[Total Marks : '	70				
1	(a)	Ans	wer in one or two sentences only:	4				
		(1)	Give the name of the most common monomer carbohydrates.	of				
		(2)	Giving example define anomers.					
		(3)	State the name of storage carbohydrates in plant an animal cells.	nd				
		(4)	Define carbohydrate.					
	(b)	wer any one of the following questions.	2					
		(1)	What do you understand by reducing and non-reducing sugars?	ng				
		(2)	What do you understand by optical activity of sugars	s ?				
	(c)	(c) Answer any one of the followingh questions:						
		(1)	Describe the formation of glycoside bond and give i significance.	ıts				
		(2)	How carbohydrates are different from proteins an nucleic acids with respect to structure?	nd				
	(d)	Ans	wer any one of the following questions:	5				
		(1)	Give an account of the structural configuration monosaccharide, with special reference to glucose.	of				
		(2)	Write a detailed note on polysaccharides with exampl and their structures.	es				

- $\mathbf{2}$ Answer in one or two sentences only: (1) Define Glycolipid.
  - (2) Name good and bad serum lipoproteins.
  - (3) Name the components of TAG.
  - Name the disease caused by increased deposition of cholesterol in arteries.

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	(b)	Ans	swer any one of the following questions:	2
		(1)	Write functions of triglycerides.	
		(2)	How sphingophospholipids are different from	
			glycerophospholipids?	
	(c)	Ans	swer any one of the following questions:	3
		(1)	What are the functions of cholesterol in human body	?
		(2)	Write a short note on wax.	
	(d)	Ans	swer any one of the following questions:	5
		(1)	Discuss classification of lipids with suitable examples	3.
		(2)	Write in short about the different tests to check purit	у
			of fats and oils.	
3	(a)	Ans	swer in one or two sentences only:	4
	(60)	(1)	Give example of chromoprotein.	_
		(2)	Insulin is made up of how many polypeptide chains	?
		(3)	Define denaturation of protein.	•
		(4)	Explain Biuret reaction.	
	(b)	` '	swer any one of the following questions:	2
	( )	(1)	Give the two types of protein based on the conformation	1.
		(2)	What is dansyl chloride? Give its mode of action.	
	(c)	Àns	•	3
	` /	(1)	Write the biolgoical importance of peptide with example	s.
		(2)	Draw structure of Aromatic amino acid.	
	(d)	Ans	swer any one of the following questions:	5
		(1)	Write the various properties of proteins.	
		(2)	Explain the Edman's degradation and Sanger's reager	ıt
			method.	
1	(a)	Ans	swer in one or two sentences only:	4
L	(a)	(1)	Give major difference between DNA and RNA.	_
		(2)	Name the scientist who postulated $A + G = T + C$	
		(3)	Which proteins play role in packaging of DNA i	n
		(3)	nucleus?	
		(4)	State difference between Nucleoside and Nucleotides	
	(b)	` '		2
	(-)	(1)	What do you understand by denaturation an	d
		( )	renaturation of DNA?	
		(2)	What would be the central Dogma for life?	
	(c)	` '		3
	` '	(1)	Explain briefly about functional RNA.	
		` '	Briefly give the structural features of A B and Z DNA	1

	(d)	Answer any one of the following questions: 5			
		(1)	Give the experimental evidences that proved DN	JA is	
			genetic material.		
		(2)	Explain Double Helical structure of DNA.		
5	(a)	Ans	swer in one or two sentences only:	4	
		(1)	Which compound suppresses the synthesis of hae	em ?	
		(2)	Give the name of Vitamin B12.		
		(3)	Give rich source of Riboflavin.		
		(4)	Name the disease caused by deficiency of Vitams	in E.	
	(b)	· · ·			
		(1)	Write about the deficiency disease of Vitamin A.		
		(2)	What is porphyria?		
	(c)	Àns	swer any one of the following questions:	3	
		(1)	Give the biological significance of porphyrin.		
		(2)	Describe the characteristics and functions of Vitam	in C.	
	(d)	Àns	swer any one of the following questions:	5	
		(1)	Write in detail about breakdown of haem.		
		(2)	Describe about Vitamin-D.		
		` '			